1	CAMPAIGN REPORT AMENDMENTS
2	2008 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Sheryl L. Allen
5	Senate Sponsor: Peter C. Knudson
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions of the Campaign and Financial Reporting Requirements
10	chapter of the Election Code.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 consolidates definitions for clarity and consistency;
14	 clarifies the election officer's obligations to provide notice that certain campaign
15	financial statements are due;
16	 specifies what information the notices sent by the election officer must contain;
17	 requires the election officer to assess an administrative fee for each campaign
18	financial statement that is filed late by a state office candidate, a legislative
19	candidate, a state office or legislative officeholder, a political party, a political
20	action committee, a political issues committee, a state or local school board office
21	candidate, or a judicial retention candidate;
22	 clarifies that financial statements may be submitted via the Internet;
23	 provides procedures for filing amended campaign financial statements;
24	 requires the election officer to assess an administrative fee for all amended
25	campaign financial statements and provides a formula for calculation of the



administrative fee;
 provides for the deposit of administrative fees and penalties assessed under the
Campaign and Financial Reporting Requirements chapter;
 provides a process for appealing administrative fees assessed by the election officer;
and
 makes technical changes.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill coordinates with S.B. 21, Campaign Finance Disclosure Revisions, by
providing superseding amendments.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
20A-11-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 90
20A-11-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 166
20A-11-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 93
20A-11-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 93
20A-11-403, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 355
20A-11-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 16
20A-11-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 355
20A-11-703, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 355
20A-11-803, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 355
20A-11-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 215
20A-12-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 166
ENACTS:
20A-11-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
20A-11-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
20A-11-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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Section 1. Section **20A-11-101** is amended to read:

20A-11-101. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a reporting entity has its principal office.
 - (2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
 - (3) "Candidate" means any person who:
 - (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
- (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election to a public office.
 - (4) "Chief election officer" means:
- (a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates, officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues committees, and state school board candidates; and
 - (b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
- (5) "Continuing political party" means an organization of voters that participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2% or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives.
 - (6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value given to the filing entity;
- (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to the filing entity;
- (iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity or a corporation to the filing entity;
- (iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
 - (v) remuneration from any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a

88	registered lobbyist to compensate a legislator for a loss of salary or income while the
89	Legislature is in session;
90	(vi) salaries or other remuneration paid to a legislator by any agency or subdivision of
91	the state, including school districts, for the period the Legislature is in session; and
92	(vii) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair
93	market value.
94	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
95	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
96	of their time on behalf of the filing entity; or
97	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
98	business.
99	(7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
100	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
101	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
102	(i) political purposes; or
103	(ii) the purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of any ballot proposition.
104	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
105	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
106	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
107	(8) "Detailed listing" means:
108	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
109	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
110	service assistance;
111	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
112	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
113	(b) for each expenditure:
114	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
115	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
116	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
117	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
118	(9) "Election" means each:

119	(a) regular general election;
120	(b) regular primary election; and
121	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
122	(10) (a) "Expenditure" means:
123	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
124	required by this chapter;
125	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
126	or anything of value made for political purposes;
127	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
128	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
129	value for political purposes;
130	(iv) compensation paid by a corporation or filing entity for personal services rendered
131	by a person without charge to a reporting entity;
132	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
133	committee; or
134	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
135	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
136	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
137	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
138	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
139	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
140	business; or
141	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (10)(a) that is given by a corporation or reporting
142	entity to candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
143	(11) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is filing a [report] financial
144	statement required by this chapter.
145	(12) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified
146	financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts,
147	donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter.
148	(13) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the
149	candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee.

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act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.

150 (14) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1, 151 Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town. 152 (15) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111. 153 (16) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109. 154 (17) "Individual" means a natural person. 155 (18) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and 156 expenditures made since the last report. 157 (19) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker 158 of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant 159 whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 160 (20) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who: 161 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative; 162 (b) declares himself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of 163 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and 164 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; and 165 (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 166 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election 167 to a legislative office. 168 (21) "Newly registered political party" means an organization of voters that has 169 complied with the petition and organizing procedures of this chapter to become a registered 170 political party. 171 (22) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office. 172 (23) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the 173 governing board of a registered political party. 174 (24) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business 175 organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees, 176 political issues committees, labor unions, and labor organizations. 177 (25) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to

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(26) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or

entities within or outside this state, that solicits or receives contributions from any other person,

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- group, or entity or makes expenditures for political purposes. A group or entity may not divide or separate into units, sections, or smaller groups for the purpose of avoiding the financial reporting requirements of this chapter, and substance shall prevail over form in determining the scope or size of a political action committee.
- (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
 - (c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
 - (i) a party committee;
- (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
 - (iii) an individual;
- (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking account;
 - (v) a corporation; or
 - (vi) a personal campaign committee.
 - (27) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a registered political party to select candidates.
 - (28) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or entities within or outside this state, that solicits or receives donations from any other person, group, or entity or makes disbursements to influence, or to intend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to:
 - (i) assist in placing a statewide ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a statewide ballot proposition off the ballot, or refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any statewide ballot proposition; or
 - (ii) sign or refuse to sign an incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any proposed incorporation in an incorporation election.
 - (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:
 - (i) a registered political party or a party committee;
- 210 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the 211 regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;

212	(111) an individual;
213	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
214	account; or
215	(v) a corporation, except a corporation whose apparent purpose is to act as a political
216	issues committee.
217	(29) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
218	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
219	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
220	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
221	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
222	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting
223	entity;
224	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered
225	without charge to a political issues committee; and
226	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at
227	less than fair market value.
228	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
229	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
230	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
231	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
232	course of business.
233	(30) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
234	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
235	the approval or the defeat of a statewide ballot proposition;
236	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
237	the purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of a statewide ballot proposition;
238	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
239	political issues expenditure;
240	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
241	without charge to a political issues committee; or
242	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less

than fair market value.

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- (b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
 - (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
 - (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business.
 - (31) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate for public office at any caucus, political convention, primary, or election.
- (32) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election laws.
 - (33) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
 - (34) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
 - (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
 - (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the officeholder.
 - (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
 - (i) anything provided by the state;
 - (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
 - (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business;
 - (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
- (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the

officeholder.

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- (35) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial report they are listed.
 - (36) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
- 281 (37) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, 282 Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
 - (38) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office.
 - (39) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office.
 - (40) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
 - (a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2% or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives for any of its candidates for any office; or
 - (b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of this chapter.
- 294 [(41) "Report" means a verified financial statement.]
 - [(42)] (41) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, [and] a party committee, a political action committee, and a political issues committee.
 - [(43)] (42) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school board.
 - [(44)] (43) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
 - (b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.

305	$[\frac{(45)}{(44)}]$ "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney
306	general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
307	[(46)] (45) "State office candidate" means a person who:
308	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or
309	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
310	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
311	to a state office.
312	(46) "Substantive change" means a name change in a financial report that would cause
313	a reasonable person to believe that the individual, source, person, or entity named in the
314	amended report is a different individual, source, person, or entity than the one named in the
315	previous report.
316	(47) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a
317	reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
318	(48) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate
319	expenditures from a political issues committee.
320	Section 2. Section 20A-11-103 is amended to read:
321	20A-11-103. Notice of pending interim and summary reports Form of
322	submission.
323	(1) (a) [(i)] Ten days before a [report] financial statement from a state office candidate,
324	legislative office candidate, officeholder, state school board candidate, political party, political
325	action committee, political issues committee, or judge is due under this chapter, the lieutenant
326	governor shall inform those candidates, officeholders, parties, committees, and judges[, and
327	entities] by postal mail or, if requested by the candidate, [judge,] officeholder, party, [or]
328	committee, or judge, by electronic mail:
329	[(A)] (i) that the [report] financial statement is due; [and]
330	[(B)] (ii) the date that the [report] financial statement is due[-];
331	(iii) that administrative fees will be assessed if the financial statement is not timely
332	received;
333	[(ii)] (iv) [In addition to the information required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) and in the
334	same mailing, ten days before the interim reports for candidates or judges are due, the
335	lieutenant governor shall inform the candidate or judge] if the notification is sent to a judge in

336	reference to the interim report due before the regular general election, that voters will be
337	informed that the judge has been disqualified and any votes cast for the judge will not be
338	counted if the report is not timely filed;
339	(v) if the notification is sent to a candidate in reference to an interim report due before
340	the regular primary election, on September 15, or before the regular general election, that [if
341	the report is not received in the lieutenant governor's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it is due,]
342	voters will be informed that the candidate [or judge] has been disqualified and any votes cast
343	for the candidate [or judge] will not be counted[-] if the report is not timely filed;
344	[(iii)] (vi) [In addition to the information required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) and in the
345	same mailing, ten days before the interim reports or verified financial statements for entities
346	that are due September 15 and before the regular general election are due, and ten days before
347	summary reports or January 5 financial statements are due, the lieutenant governor shall inform
348	the entity, candidate, judge, or officeholder that if the report is not received in the lieutenant
349	governor's office by the date that it is due, the entity, candidate, judge, or officeholder] if the
350	notification is sent to a political party, political action committee, or political issues committee
351	in reference to an interim report or a verified financial statement, that the entity may be guilty
352	of a class B misdemeanor for failing to file the report or statement[-]; and
353	(vii) if the notification is in reference to a summary report, that the candidate,
354	officeholder, party, committee, or judge may be guilty of a class B misdemeanor for failing to
355	<u>file the report.</u>
356	(b) Ten days before [a] an interim or summary report from a local school board
357	candidate is due under this chapter, the county clerk shall inform the candidate by postal mail
358	or, if requested, by electronic mail:
359	(i) that the report is due;
360	(ii) the date that the report is due; [and]
361	(iii) that the candidate will be assessed administrative fees if the report is not timely
362	received;
363	[(iii)] (iv) if the notification is in reference to an interim report due before the regular
364	primary election, on September 15, or before the regular general election, that, if the report is

not [received in the county clerk's office by 5 p.m. on the date that it is due] timely filed, voters

will be informed that the candidate has been disqualified and any votes cast for the candidate

367	will not be counted[-]; and
368	(v) if the notification is in reference to a summary report, that the candidate may be
369	guilty of a class B misdemeanor for failing to file the report.
370	(2) Persons or entities submitting [reports] financial statements required by this chapter
371	may submit them:
372	(a) on paper, printed, typed, or legibly handwritten or hand printed;
373	(b) on a computer disk according to specifications established by the chief election
374	officer that protect against fraudulent filings and secure the accuracy of the information
375	contained on the computer disk;
376	(c) via fax; or
377	(d) via electronic mail or the Internet, according to specifications established by the
378	chief election officer.
379	(3) A [report] financial statement is considered timely filed if:
380	(a) it is received in the chief election officer's office no later than 5:00 p.m. on the date
381	that it is due;
382	(b) it is received in the chief election officer's office with a postmark three days or
383	more before the date that the [report] financial statement was due; or
384	(c) the candidate, judge, or entity has proof that the [report] financial statement was
385	mailed, with appropriate postage and addressing, three days before the [report] financial
386	statement was due.
387	Section 3. Section 20A-11-104 is enacted to read:
388	20A-11-104. Late financial statements Fees.
389	(1) The election officer shall assess the following administrative fees against any
390	person who fails to timely file a financial statement required by this chapter:
391	(a) an administrative fee of \$100 for each late financial statement; and
392	(b) for each late financial statement, an additional, daily administrative fee of \$20,
393	which shall be assessed for each calendar day that falls between the date the statement was due
394	and the date that the late statement is filed.
395	(2) A person may appeal an administrative fee assessed under this section to the district
396	court having personal jurisdiction over the person by filing a complaint contesting the fee
307	within 30 days of the date the penalty was assessed

398	(3) When determining if a financial statement is timely filed, the provisions of
399	Subsection 20A-11-103(3) shall govern.
400	(4) If a person is removed from the ballot due to the person's failure to timely file the
401	financial statement, the election officer shall not assess a fee for the late financial statement
402	under this section.
403	Section 4. Section 20A-11-105 is enacted to read:
404	20A-11-105. Amending financial statements Fees.
405	(1) For the purposes of this section, "fee calculation cycle" means the period that
406	commences on March 1 of each year and ends on the last day of February of the following year.
407	(2) A person may file an amended financial statement to correct any financial statement
408	filed under the requirements of this chapter, using the form required by the election officer,
409	either:
410	(a) voluntarily; or
411	(b) at the direction of the election officer, as provided for in this chapter.
412	(3) (a) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3)(b) and (c), the election officer
413	shall assess an administrative fee for each amended financial statement filed, which fee shall
414	equal the total of the following assessments, which shall be assessed for each change made in
415	the amended financial statement:
416	(i) for a substantive change of the name of an individual or source making a
417	contribution or public service assistance, 5% of the contribution or public service assistance;
418	(ii) for a substantive change of the name of a person or entity receiving disbursement of
419	an expenditure, 5% of the amount of the expenditure;
420	(iii) for a change that results in an increase in the reported amount of a contribution or
421	public service assistance, 5% of the difference between the amended financial statement and
422	the previously filed financial statement;
423	(iv) for a change that results in an increase in the reported amount of an expenditure,
424	5% of the difference between the amended financial statement and the previously filed
425	financial statement; or
426	(v) for a newly reported contribution, public service assistance, or expenditure, or a
427	substantive change in the name and a change in the amount associated with a contribution,
428	public service assistance, or expenditure, 5% of the contribution, public service assistance, or

429	<u>expenditure.</u>
430	(b) The election officer may not assess an administrative fee under this section for an
431	error in a calculation of the total amount of contributions or expenditures.
432	(c) The election officer shall waive the first \$50 of fees that are assessable to a person
433	under Subsection (3)(a) during each fee calculation cycle, and the election officer shall not
434	assess a fee against a person until the fees that are assessable during the fee calculation cycle
435	total at least \$25.
436	(4) A person may appeal an administrative fee assessed under this section to the district
437	court having personal jurisdiction over the person by filing a complaint contesting the fee
438	within 30 days of the date the fee was assessed.
439	Section 5. Section 20A-11-106 is enacted to read:
440	20A-11-106. Revenue from fees and penalties.
441	(1) Revenue generated by administrative fees and penalties assessed by the lieutenant
442	governor under this chapter shall be deposited in the General Fund.
443	(2) Revenue generated by administrative fees and penalties assessed by a county clerk
444	under this chapter shall be deposited as directed by the county legislative body.
445	Section 6. Section 20A-11-206 is amended to read:
446	20A-11-206. State office candidate Late statements Failure to file statements
447	Penalties.
448	(1) A state office candidate that fails to file a financial statement on or before the
449	statement's due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section 20A-11-104.
450	[(1)] (2) (a) If a state office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the
451	regular primary election, September 15, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant
452	governor shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely mailed,
453	inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
454	(i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the
455	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
456	(ii) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
457	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
458	cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
459	(iii) may not count any votes for that candidate.

- 460 (b) Any state office candidate who fails to [file] timely file a financial statement 461 required by this part is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in 462 Section 20A-1-501. 463 (c) Notwithstanding Subsections [(1)] (2)(a) and [(1)] (2)(b), a state office candidate is 464 not disqualified if: 465 (i) the candidate files the reports required by this section; 466 (ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information 467 required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; 468 and 469 (iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in 470 the next scheduled report. 471 [(2)] (3) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the 472 lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that: 473 (i) each state office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; 474 and 475 (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part. 476 (b) If it appears that any state office candidate has failed to file the summary report 477 required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the 478 lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the 479 falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a 480 violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state office candidate of the violation or 481 written complaint and direct the state office candidate to file a summary report correcting the 482 problem. 483 (c) (i) It is unlawful for any state office candidate to fail to file or amend a summary 484 report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section. 485 (ii) Each state office candidate who violates Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(c)(i) is guilty of a 486 class B misdemeanor. 487 (iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(c)(i) to 488 the attorney general.
 - Section 7. Section **20A-11-305** is amended to read:
 - 20A-11-305. Legislative office candidate -- Late statements -- Failure to file

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491	statements Penalties Name not printed on ballot Filling vacancy.
492	(1) A legislative office candidate that fails to file a financial statement on or before the
493	statement's due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section 20A-11-104.
494	[(1)] (2) (a) If a legislative office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the
495	regular primary election, September 15, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant
496	governor shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely mailed,
497	inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
498	(i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the
499	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
500	(ii) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
501	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
502	cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
503	(iii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
504	(b) Any legislative office candidate who fails to [file] timely file a financial statement
505	required by this part is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in
506	Section 20A-1-501.
507	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections $[(1)]$ (2) (a) and $[(1)]$ (2) (b), a legislative office
508	candidate is not disqualified if:
509	(i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
510	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
511	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
512	and
513	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in
514	the next scheduled report.
515	[(2)] (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the
516	lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
517	(i) each legislative office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed
518	one; and

(b) If it appears that any legislative office candidate has failed to file the summary

report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or

(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.

522	if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the
523	falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a
524	violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the legislative office candidate of the
525	violation or written complaint and direct the legislative office candidate to file a summary
526	report correcting the problem.
527	(c) (i) It is unlawful for any legislative office candidate to fail to file or amend a
528	summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this
529	section.
530	(ii) Each legislative office candidate who violates Subsection [(2)] (3) (c)(i) is guilty of
531	a class B misdemeanor.
532	(iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ $\underline{(3)}(c)(i)$ to
533	the attorney general.
534	Section 8. Section 20A-11-403 is amended to read:
535	20A-11-403. Late statements Failure to file Penalties.
536	(1) An officeholder that fails to file a financial statement on or before the statement's
537	due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section 20A-11-104.
538	[(1)] (2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the
539	lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
540	(a) each officeholder that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
541	(b) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
542	[(2)] (3) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file the summary report
543	required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the
544	lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the
545	falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a
546	violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the officeholder of the violation or written
547	complaint and direct the officeholder to file a summary report correcting the problem.
548	[(3)] (4) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend a summary report
549	within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
550	(b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) is guilty of a class B
551	misdemeanor.

(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) to the

553	attorney general.
554	Section 9. Section 20A-11-508 is amended to read:
555	20A-11-508. Political party reporting requirements Late statements Failure
556	to file Penalties.
557	(1) A registered political party that fails to file a financial statement on or before the
558	statement's due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section 20A-11-104.
559	[(1)] (2) (a) Each registered political party that fails to file the interim reports due
560	September 15 or before the regular general election is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
561	(b) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection [(1)] (2)(a) to the
562	attorney general.
563	[(2)] (3) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report required by
564	this part, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed report to ensure that:
565	(a) each political party that is required to file a report has filed one; and
566	(b) each report contains the information required by this part.
567	[(3)] (4) If it appears that any political party has failed to file a report required by law,
568	if it appears that a filed report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has
569	received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any report, the
570	lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written
571	complaint, notify the political party of the violation or written complaint and direct the political
572	party to file a summary report correcting the problem.
573	[4) (a) It is unlawful for any political party to fail to file or amend a summary
574	report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
575	(b) Each political party who violates Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) is guilty of a class B
576	misdemeanor.
577	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) to the
578	attorney general.
579	Section 10. Section 20A-11-603 is amended to read:
580	20A-11-603. Late statements Failure to file Penalties.
581	(1) A political action committee that fails to file a financial statement on or before the
582	statement's due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section 20A-11-104.
583	[(1)] (2) (a) Each political action committee that fails to file the statement due

584	September 15 or before the regular general session is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
585	(b) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection [(1)] (2)(a) to the
586	attorney general.
587	[(2)] (3) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of the January 5 statement
588	required by this part, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
589	(a) each political action committee that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
590	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
591	[(3)] <u>(4)</u> If it appears that any political action committee has failed to file the January 5
592	statement, if it appears that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
593	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
594	statement, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt
595	of a written complaint, notify the political action committee of the violation or written
596	complaint and direct the political action committee to file a statement correcting the problem.
597	[4) (a) It is unlawful for any political action committee to fail to file or amend a
598	statement within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
599	(b) Each political action committee who violates Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) is guilty of a
600	class B misdemeanor.
601	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) to the
602	attorney general.
603	Section 11. Section 20A-11-703 is amended to read:
604	20A-11-703. Due dates Exemptions Failure to file Penalties.
605	(1) (a) Each corporation that is required to file a financial statement shall timely file the
606	statement.
607	(b) A corporation is not subject to an administrative penalty under Section
608	<u>20A-11-104.</u>
609	[(1)] (2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of any statement required by this
610	part, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
611	(a) each corporation that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
612	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
613	[(2)] (3) If it appears that any corporation has failed to file any statement, if it appears

that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has received a

615	written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any statement, the lieutenant
616	governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint,
617	notify the corporation of the violation or written complaint and direct the corporation to file a
618	statement correcting the problem.
619	[(3)] (4) (a) It is unlawful for any corporation to fail to file or amend a statement within
620	14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
621	(b) Each corporation who violates Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) is guilty of a class B
622	misdemeanor.
623	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of [this] Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) to
624	the attorney general.
625	Section 12. Section 20A-11-803 is amended to read:
626	20A-11-803. Late statements Failure to file Penalties.
627	(1) A political issues committee that fails to file a financial statement on or before the
628	statement's due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section 20A-11-104.
629	[(1)] (2) (a) Each political issues committee that fails to file the statement due
630	September 15 or before the regular general session is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
631	(b) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (1) to the attorney
632	general.
633	[(2)] (3) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of the January 5 statement, the
634	lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
635	(a) each political issues committee that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
636	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
637	[(3)] (4) If it appears that any political issues committee has failed to file the January 5
638	statement, if it appears that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
639	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
640	statement, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt
641	of a written complaint, notify the political issues committee of the violation or written
642	complaint and direct the political issues committee to file a statement correcting the problem.
643	[(4)] (a) It is unlawful for any political issues committee to fail to file or amend a
644	statement within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.

(b) Each political issues committee who violates Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) is guilty of a

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646	class B misdemeanor.
647	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) to the
648	attorney general.
649	Section 13. Section 20A-11-1305 is amended to read:
650	20A-11-1305. School board office candidate Late statements Failure to file
651	Penalties Name not printed on ballot Filling vacancy.
652	(1) A school board office candidate that fails to file a financial statement on or before
653	the statement's due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section 20A-11-104.
654	[(1)] (2) (a) If a school board office candidate fails to file an interim report due before
655	the regular primary election, September 15, and before the regular general election, the chief
656	election officer shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely
657	mailed, inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
658	(i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the
659	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
660	(ii) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
661	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
662	cast for candidate will not be counted; and
663	(iii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
664	(b) Any school board office candidate who fails to [file] timely file a financial
665	statement required by this part is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as
666	provided in Section 20A-1-501.
667	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection [(1)] (2) (a) and [(1)] (2) (b), a school board office
668	candidate is not disqualified if:
669	(i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
670	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
671	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
672	and
673	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in
674	the next scheduled report.

[(2)] (3) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report by a

candidate for state school board, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary

report to ensure that:

- (i) each state school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any state school board candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state school board candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the state school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
- (c) (i) It is unlawful for any state school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
- (ii) Each state school board candidate who violates Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ (2)(i) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ (2)(i) to the attorney general.
- [(3)] (4) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the county clerk shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
- (i) each local school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any local school board candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the county clerk has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the county clerk shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the local school board candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the local school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
 - (c) (i) It is unlawful for any local school board candidate to fail to file or amend a

708	summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the county clerk under this section.
709	(ii) Each local school board candidate who violates Subsection $[\frac{(3)}{2}]$ $\underline{(4)}(c)(i)$ is guilty
710	of a class B misdemeanor.
711	(iii) The county clerk shall report all violations of Subsection $[(3)]$ $(4)(c)(i)$ to the
712	district or county attorney.
713	Section 14. Section 20A-12-306 is amended to read:
714	20A-12-306. Judges Late reports Failure to file reports Penalties.
715	(1) A judge's personal campaign committee that fails to file an interim or summary
716	report on or before the report's due date is subject to the penalties provided in Section
717	<u>20A-11-104.</u>
718	[(1)] (2) (a) If a judge's personal campaign committee fails to file the interim report due
719	before the regular general election, the lieutenant governor shall, after making a reasonable
720	attempt to discover if the report was timely mailed, inform the county clerk and other
721	appropriate election officials who:
722	(i) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the judge by blacking out the judge's name
723	before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
724	(ii) shall, if removing the judge's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the
725	voters by any practicable method that the judge has been disqualified and that votes cast for the
726	judge will not be counted; and
727	(iii) may not count any votes for that judge.
728	(b) Any judge who fails to [file] timely file a financial statement required by this part is
729	disqualified.
730	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections $[(1)]$ (2) (a) and $[(1)]$ (2) (b), a judge is not disqualified
731	if:
732	(i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
733	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
734	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
735	and
736	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in
737	the next scheduled report.

[(2)] (3) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the

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with "August 31".

739 lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that: 740 (i) each judge that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and 741 (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part. 742 (b) If it appears that any judge has failed to file the summary report required by law, if 743 it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor 744 has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary 745 report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a 746 written complaint, notify the judge of the violation or written complaint and direct the judge to 747 file a summary report correcting the problem. 748 (c) (i) It is unlawful for any judge to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 749 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section. 750 (ii) Each judge who violates Subsection [$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$] (3)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B 751 misdemeanor. 752 (iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ (3)(c)(i) to 753 the attorney general. 754 Section 15. Coordinating H.B. 41 with S.B. 21 -- Superseding amendments. If this H.B. 41 and S.B. 21, Campaign Finance Disclosure Revisions, both pass, it is the 755 756 intent of the Legislature that when the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel 757 prepares the Utah Code database for publication, the amendments to Section 20A-11-103 758 supersede the amendments to Section 20A-11-103 in S.B. 21 except that the references to

"September 15" in Subsections 20A-11-103(1)(a)(iv) and (1)(b)(iv) in this bill shall be replaced